

# Calculate the River's Water Quality Based on Macroinvertebrates

1. Identify the macroinvertebrates you collected. Use the picture guide in this document.
2. In the chart below, put a check next to the name of all the macroinvertebrates you found.
3. Add up the number of checks in each column. This is the number of **TAXA** (different kinds of) macroinvertebrates that belong to that group.
4. Multiply the number of taxa by the group's weighting factor. This gives you the **GROUP SCORE**.
5. Add up all the group scores. This will give you the **TOTAL GROUP SCORE**.
6. Add up the number of taxa from all the columns. This is the **TOTAL NUMBER OF TAXA**.
7. Divide the total group score (from step 5) by the total number of taxa (from step 6). This will give you the **WATER QUALITY INDEX** for your river.
8. Using the table at the bottom right of the page, find how the river's water quality index ranks.

	<b>GROUP 1</b> Intolerant to pollution	<b>GROUP 2</b> Moderately intolerant to pollution	<b>GROUP 3</b> Fairly tolerant to pollution	<b>GROUP 4</b> Very tolerant to pollution
<b>Macro-invertebrates</b> (check all the ones you found)	Alderfly _____ Dobsonfly _____ Snipe Fly _____ Stonefly _____	Caddisfly _____ Clam/Mussel _____ Cranefly _____ Crayfish _____ Damselfly _____ Dragonfly _____ Mayfly _____ Riffle Beetle _____ Water Penny _____	Black Fly _____ Midge _____ Right-handed or other snails _____ Scud _____ Sowbug _____	Aquatic worm _____ Blood worm midge _____ Leech _____ Left-handed snail _____
<b># of TAXA</b> (add up checks)				
<b>WEIGHTING FACTOR</b>	x 1	x 2	x 3	x 4
<b>GROUP SCORE</b> (TAXA x weighting factor)	=	=	=	=

<b>TOTAL GROUP SCORE</b> (add up the group scores from all the columns)	
<b>TOTAL NUMBER OF TAXA</b> (add up the number of taxa from all columns)	
<b>WATER QUALITY INDEX</b> (total group score ÷ total number of taxa)	

<b>Water Quality</b> (circle one)	
<b>Excellent</b>	1.0 – 2.0
<b>Good</b>	2.1 – 2.5
<b>Fair</b>	2.6 – 3.5
<b>Poor</b>	greater than 3.6

Group 1 – These organisms are generally considered to be intolerant to pollution



Alderfly Larva



Dobsonfly Larva



Snipe Fly Larva



Stonefly Larva

Group 2 – These organisms are generally considered to be moderately intolerant to pollution

Caddisfly Larvae



Freeswimming (green)



Case Maker



Riffle Beetle



Larva



Adult

Clams



Fingernail



Asiatic



Mussels

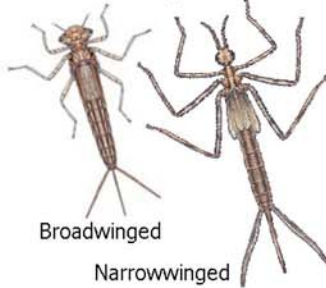


Zebra Mussel



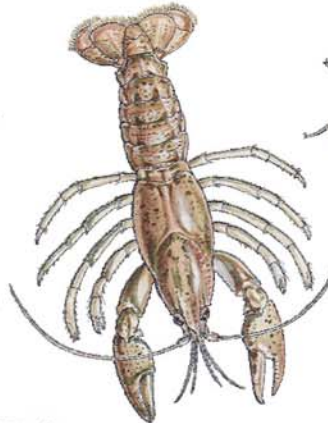
Water Penny

Damselfly Larvae



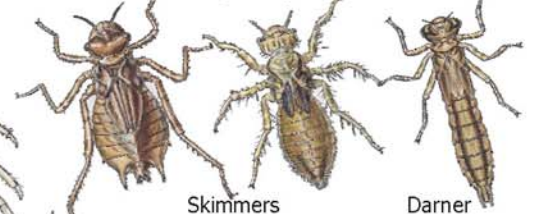
Broadwinged

Narrowwinged



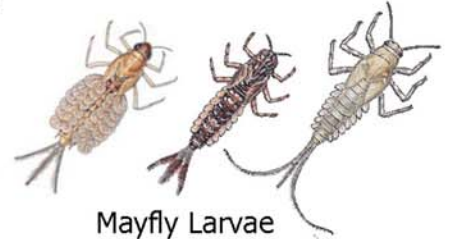
Crayfish

Dragonfly Larvae



Skimmers

Darner



Mayfly Larvae

Group 3 – These organisms are generally considered to be fairly tolerant to pollution



Black Fly Larva



Midge Larva



Right-Handed



Orb



Scud



Sowbug

Group 4 – These organisms are generally considered to be very tolerant to pollution



Aquatic Worm



Bloodworm  
Midge Larva (bright red)



Leech



Left-Handed Snail

Other Aquatic Organisms (These organisms are not used as water quality indicators)



Crawling  
Water Beetle



Giant Water Bug



Backswimmer



Whirligig  
Beetle



Water Strider



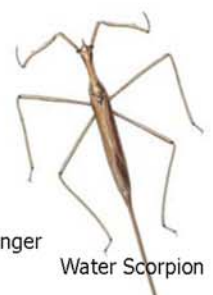
Waterboatman



Planaria



Water Scavenger  
Beetle



Water Scorpion